

## Call for Papers in Special Session

"Mining the sky: knowledge discovery in big and complex astronomical data sets and data streams"

**Event: CIDM** ([IEEE Symposium on Computational Intelligence and Data Mining](#)), [Symposium Series of Computational Intelligence, SSCI 2017](#) Honolulu, Hawaii, Nov 27 – Dec 1, 2017. Papers due July 2. Session URL (hosted by the [Task Force of the IEEE CIS DMTC "Mining Complex Astronomy Data"](#)) <https://asaip.psu.edu/organizations/ieee-astrominer-task-force/ieee-cidm-special-session-Mining-the-Sky>

Astronomical observations produce some of the largest "big data" today through a new generation of telescopes, and by next-generation telescopes to be launched in less than a decade. While these data sets exhibit the usual challenges associated with big data (immense data volumes, high dimensionality, high complexity, disparate variables, etc.) they also represent new problems such as a whole new nature and level of complexity. Information extraction from astronomical observations also warrants specific focus. For example, classification, data mining and pattern discovery must produce very precise estimates (more precise than, e.g., in terrestrial remote sensing) from imagery of extremely low signal-to-noise ratio. Another example is the need to deliver results from multi-terabyte-size data in (near-)real-time to guide the next day's observation of interesting objects and best exploit short windows of observing times. A distinguishing factor of astronomical data sets is that, unlike, e.g., in medical or social domains, there are strict laws of physics behind the data production which can often be assimilated into machine learning to improve over general off-the-shelf state-of-the-art. A surge of discussion of specific problems and needs for collaborations between astronomers and computational / data experts has started in recent years. This Special Session will further this process through an IEEE platform. It aims to engage the computational community in solutions to problems modern astronomy faces in turning the sky-full of inexhaustible stream of data into reliable knowledge at an accelerated rate. Machine learning and data mining, computational intelligence approaches in general, are in high demand but as yet not sufficiently exploited. The astronomical community is reaching out to engage expertise in these areas while members of the IEEE community are interested to tackle extreme challenges involved in astronomy projects. Showing the astronomical community successful results from astronomical data obtained by advanced Computational Intelligence (CI) methods is critical because, presently, astronomers in general do not know the methods developed and used in the CI community. It is equally important to make CI experts (engineers, computer scientists, statisticians ...) aware of compelling scientific problems that require expert applications of state-of-the-art techniques by the CI community, or motivate new developments. By soliciting papers from author groups representing both communities this special session will serve these objectives, supporting astronomy's science goals as well as CI developments in a mutually beneficial way.

### **Papers are solicited in, but not limited to, the following topics:**

- Pattern recognition and data mining in large astronomical databases
- Discovery in astronomical spectral data cubes
- Astrostatistics for large and complex data
- Astronomical time series analysis
- Classification and clustering of astronomical objects
- Visualization of large, complex astronomical data sets
- Intelligent data summarization / compression for archiving
- Simulation of astronomy data for algorithm testing
- Software tools for management of large astronomical surveys
- Novel architectures for large scale data mining accelerators

### **Contact Session Co-Chairs:**

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